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| Tell students that various types of mummies have been found on every continent. Explain that in this lesson students will examine a well-known mummy and make a presentation to the class. Divide the class into small groups to conduct research using the Web sites suggested below. (Depending on students' abilities, you may wish to reveal the category or description of each mummy.)BOG MUMMIES**Tollund Man:** This 2,100-year-old mummy was found in a peat bog in Denmark. He had a rope around his neck, indicating that he was probably sacrificed. [Tollund Man and the Bog Mummies](http://dsc.discovery.com/stories/history/desertmummies/tollundman.html) [Mummies Unwrapped](http://www.discoveryeducation.com/teachers/free-lesson-plans/href) [Violence in the Bogs](http://www.archaeology.org/cgi-bin/site.pl?page=online/features/bog/violence1)**Lindow Man:** This mummy was found in an English peat bog. When scientists examined the body, they discovered he had been murdered. [Lindow Man, Bog Body](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/featured/lindowman.htm)  **Yde Girl:** Discovered in a bog in the Netherlands, this mummy had been stabbed and strangled when she was 16 years old. [The Drents Museum in Assen: The Yde Girl](http://www.mummytombs.com/museums/nl.assen.drents.yde.htm) [Bog Mummies](http://library.thinkquest.org/J003409/bog.htm?tqskip=1)ICE MUMMIES**?tzi the Iceman:** Found frozen in the Alps, this man died about 5,200 years ago. [?tzi the Iceman](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/featured/otzi.htm) [The Iceman's Last Meal](http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/icemummies/iceman.html) [?tzi Mania](http://www.digonsite.com/)**Juanita (also known as the "Ice Maiden"):** This young Inca girl was discovered in theAndes in Peru. She had been sacrificed in a ritual and preserved in ice. [The High Mummies](http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/peru/mummies/high1.html) [Incan Mummies](http://library.thinkquest.org/J003409/inca.htm) [Juanita, Incan Ice Maiden](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/featured/juanita.htm)  DESERT AND CAVE MUMMIES**Cherchen, Tarim Basin, or Takla Makan mummies:** These mummies were found in the barren, remote Taklamakan Desert of northwestern China. The bodies had been (naturally) dehydrated and almost perfectly preserved for 3,000 years in this salty, dry, and extremely hot region. Though found in Asia, they had distinctly European features. [Urumchi Mummies](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/group/urumchi.htm) [China Mummies](http://library.thinkquest.org/J003409/china.htm) [The Takla Makan Mummies](http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/chinamum/taklamakan.html)**Lemon Grove mummies:** A woman and a baby were found in a cold, dry cave near Chihuahua, Mexico. [The Lemon Grove Mummies, Stolen from Mexico](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/featured/lemongrove.htm)  EMBALMED MUMMIES**Chinchorro mummies:** The Chinchorro in Peru and Chile may have been the first people in the world to practice mummification. [Chinchorro Mummies](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/group/chinchorro.htm) [Making the Dead Beautiful: Mummies as Art](http://www.archaeology.org/online/features/chinchorro/index.html)**Chachapoya mummies:** Hundreds of mummies about 500 years old have been found in northern Peru. [Chachapoya Mummies](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/group/chachapoya.htm)**Guanche mummies:** These embalmed mummies were found in caves on the Canary Islands. [Guanche Mummies](http://www.mummytombs.com/mummylocator/group/guanche.htm)**Tutankhamen (King Tut):** Buried in a tomb filled with treasures, this Egyptian pharaoh had been embalmed. His organs were removed and his body was dried with salt and then wrapped in hundreds of yards of linen. [Secrets of the Pharaohs](http://www.pbs.org/wnet/pharaohs/digging.html)**Rameses II (Rameses the Great):** This Egyptian pharaoh was about 90 years old when he died and was mummified. [Mummies of the Pharaohs](http://www.mummytombs.com/egypt/pharaohmummies.htm)EGYPTIAN MUMMIFICATION[Mummy-Making Methods](http://www.mummytombs.com/egypt/methods.htm)[Mummification Process](http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/peru/mummies)[Mummies Unmasked](http://www.nationalgeographic.com/world/9906/mummies/index.html)[Mummification](http://www.ancientegypt.co.uk/mummies/home.html) |  |
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| Have students use the Web sites above to answer the following questions:* What is this mummy or group of mummies called?
* Where was it found?
* Describe what scientists found. (Draw a picture or print out an image.)
* How was it preserved?
* How well preserved was it?
* Was the mummy preserved intentionally or accidentally, or is it impossible to tell?
* Explain what is known about this person, including name, position or title, and cause of death. How do scientists know this information?
* Were other objects found with the mummy? If so, what do they reveal about the mummy?
* What have scientists and historians learned about the mummy's society?
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|  | Have students present their findings to the class, along with a picture of the mummy. Place a marker on a classroom map showing where each mummy was found. |