**Recovery, Prosperity, and Turmoil**

***Complete the following chart***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Group** | **Contribution to Popular Culture of the 1950s** |
| Families on TV |  |
| Beat Generation |  |
| Rock-n-Roll |  |
| African Americans |  |

***Define the following terms***

HUAC:

Hollywood Ten:

Blacklist:

Alger Hiss:

Rosenbergs:

Joseph McCarthy:

Flexible response:

Fidel Castro:

New Frontier:

Great Society:

Dixiecrat:

Sit-in:

Kerner Commission:

Ho Chi Minh:

Vietminh:

Domino Theory:

Dien Bein Phu:

Geneva Accords:

Ngo Dinh Diem:

Vietcong:

SDS:

Free Speech Movement:

Tet Offensive:

Henry Kissinger:

My Lai Massacre:

Pentagon Papers:

War Powers Act:

Betty Friedan:

NOW:

Haight-Ashbury:

New Federalism:

Southern Strategy:

SALT I:

***Answer the following questions***

Name three ways that the U.S. reacted to fear of communism.

How did the beat movement criticize mainstream culture?

What was portrayed as the American Dream in the 1950s?

What did the Warren Commission confirm about the Kennedy assassination?

How did the Great Society address the problem of poverty in the U.S.?

Who did Martin Luther King, Jr. draw many of his ideas from?

Why was the Civil Rights Act of 1964 such an important piece of legislation?

What was the outcome of the Voting Rights Act of 1965?

Which two civil rights leaders were assassinated?

What did the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution allow?

Why did the U.S. become involved in Vietnam?

What was the credibility gap?

Name two reasons why the U.S. failed to score a quick victory against the Vietcong.

What were the positions of the war hawks and war doves?

What happened to South Vietnam after America left?

Who was Cesar Chavez?

What was the major effect of the Watergate scandal?

***Write the letter of the name next to the description that explains it best***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. baby boom | \_\_\_\_1. Truman’s plan for economic and social reforms |
| b. Fair Deal | \_\_\_\_2. Federal agency that regulates the radio and television industries |
| c. Consumerism | \_\_\_\_3. Small residential communities near cities |
| e. Dixiecrat | \_\_\_\_4. Popular music that developed in the 1950s |
| f. Suburbs | \_\_\_\_5. Sharp increase in the birth rate after WWII |
| g. Rock-N-Roll | \_\_\_\_6. Southern Democrate who formed a states’ rights party |
| h. FCC | \_\_\_\_7. Placing a high value on buying and having material goods |

***Complete the following chart***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Crisis** | **Kennedy’s Handling** | **Outcome** |
| Bay of Pigs |  |  |
| Berlin Crisis |  |  |

***Write the letter of the name or term that matches the description***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. Nikita Khrushchev | \_\_\_\_1. The Soviet leader who squared off against Kennedy during the Cuban crisis |
| b. Peace Corps | \_\_\_\_2. The strategy intended to broaden America’s range of options during international crisis |
| c. New Frontier | \_\_\_\_3. The name for Kennedy’s domestic agenda |
| d. Flexible Response | \_\_\_\_4. The program in which U.S. volunteers provide assistance to developing nations of the world |
| e. Medicare and Medicaid | \_\_\_\_5. Programs that provided low-cost health insurance to the aged and poor |
| f. Great Society | \_\_\_\_6. The name for Johnson’s domestic agenda |

***Complete the following chart***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Warren Court Case** | **Outcome** |
| *Gideon v. Wainwright* |  |
| *Miranda v. Arizona* |  |
| *Engel v. Vitale* |  |
| *Mapp v. Ohio* |  |
| *Heart of Atlanta Motel v. U.S.* |  |
| *Loving v. VA* |  |

***In the chart below, describe what each of the people or groups of people are known for***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Thurgood Marshall |  |
| Rosa Parks |  |
| Martin Luther King, Jr. |  |
| SCLC |  |
| SNCC |  |
| CORE |  |
| Freedom Riders |  |
| James Meredith |  |
| Malcolm X |  |
| Stokely Carmichael |  |
| Black Panthers |  |

***If the statement is true, write “true” on the line. If it is false, change the underlined words to make it true.***

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1. The NAACP lawyer who argued the *Brown v. Board of Education* case in front of the Supreme Court was Thurgood Marshall.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. In 1957, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was one of the founders of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. In September 1962, James Meredith was the first African American to attend the University of Mississippi.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Segregation that exists by practice and custom, not by law, is de jure segregation.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. The Black Panthers was a political party formed to fight against police brutality in the ghetto.

***Write the letter of the name or term that matches the description***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. Counterculture | \_\_\_\_1. The person who organized Mexican American farm workers |
| b. Woodstock | \_\_\_\_2. A sometimes violent Native American rights organization |
| c. Cesar Chavez | \_\_\_\_3. An organization created to pursue the goals of the women’s movement |
| d. National Organization for Women | \_\_\_\_4. A movement made up of white middle-class youths, who were fed up with mainstream America |
| e. American Indian Movement | \_\_\_\_5. A massive outdoor concert in 1969 that highlighted rock’s popularity |